

# Review for Challenging Integrated Math 1 Curriculum for Placement Into Integrated Math 2

## Foundations for Algebra

Be able to:

- Simplify an expression using: the order of operations, the distributive property, and/ or adding like terms.
- Recognize that a negative sign in front of parentheses changes the sign of all the terms within
- Identify the subsets of the real number system
- Evaluate algebraic expressions for given values of its variables

Simplify

$$1) \ -(-2 - c)$$

$$2) \ 8(14 + 10) \div (8 - 2)$$

$$3) \ 5(x - 3) - 2x$$

$$4) \ 2m^2 - 3mz + 7mz - m^2 + 2$$

$$5) \ 5 + 2(4)^2 \div 8 + 1$$

$$6) \ 3x + 2y - 5y + 10x$$

$$7) \ 2(x - 1) - 3(4x + 5)$$

$$8) \ 8(5 + 30 \div 5)$$

$$9) \ 40 \div 5(2)$$

$$10) \ -4(3x - 1)$$

$$11) \ 50 \div (5 \times 5)$$

$$12) \ a^2 + 12ab - 3a^2 - 5ab$$

$$13) \ 4 - 2(x + 7)$$

$$14) \ 36^{1/2}$$

$$15) \ (-11)^2$$

Evaluate

$$16) \ x + 3y^2 \text{ for } x = -7 \text{ and } y = 2$$

$$17) \ xy + z \text{ for } x = -4, y = 3, \text{ and } z = -3$$

$$18) \ b - 2a - c \text{ for } a = -6, b = 6, \text{ and } c = -5$$

ANSWERS for Unit A

1) $2 + c$	6) $13x - 3y$	11) 2	15) 121
2) 32	7) $-10x - 17$	12) $-2a^2 + 7ab$	16) 5
3) $3x - 15$	8) 88	13) $-2x - 10$	17) -15
4) $m^2 + 4mz + 2$	9) 16	14) 6	18) 23
5) 10	10) $-12x + 4$		

## Solving Equations

Be able to:

- Solve equations using the following steps:
  - eliminate fractions (by multiplying both sides of the equation by the LCD of all terms)
  - eliminate parentheses
  - add like terms on each side
  - eliminate the variable from either side
  - eliminate the constant from the side with the variable
  - eliminate the coefficient
- Recognize solutions that are all real numbers or no solution
- Solve proportions by cross-multiplying
- Solve a formula for a specified variable (solve a literal equation)
- Solve absolute value equations by writing and solving two equations

Solve

1)  $20 = -d + 13$

2)  $2x + 6 = 4x - 6$

3)  $2y + 12 - 4y = 54$

4)  $4(y + 3) = 40$

5)  $-\frac{2}{3}x - 5 = -7$

6)  $\frac{-9}{12} = \frac{x}{40}$

7)  $-2|x| = -8$

8)  $-d + 7 = 3$

9)  $2(3a + 2) = -8$

10)  $2n + 3n + 7 = -41$

11)  $-8n + 5 = -67$

12)  $\frac{15}{8} = \frac{-12}{6x}$

13)  $5x - 11 = 3 - x - 14 + 6x$

14)  $3(4a + 2) = -18$

15)  $-2d + 17 = 3$

16)  $-6 - 3(2k + 4) = 18$

17)  $13 + 2(5c - 2) = 29$

18)  $3x + 3 = 5x - 1$

19)  $\frac{3x + 7}{2} = 8$

20)  $3(2p + 4) = 2(3p - 6)$

21)  $-3|x| = 6$

22)  $4x - 7 + 1 = 3 + 3x - 15$

23)  $\frac{a}{5} - 2 = -13$

24)  $\frac{4}{6} = \frac{x}{24}$

25)  $\frac{x+2}{6} = \frac{x-1}{12}$

26)  $|x+3| = 8$

27)  $3|x-1| + 2 = 11$

28)  $|x-5| + 2 = 9$

ANSWERS for Unit B

1)  $d = -7$

8)  $d = 4$

15)  $d = 7$

22)  $x = -6$

2)  $x = 6$

9)  $a = -2$

16)  $k = -6$

23)  $a = -55$

3)  $y = -21$

10)  $n = -\frac{48}{5}$

17)  $c = 2$

24)  $x = 16$

4)  $y = 7$

11)  $n = 9$

18)  $x = \frac{4}{3}$

25)  $x = -5$

5)  $x = 3$

12)  $x = 30$

19)  $x = 3$

26)  $x = 5$  and  $-11$

6)  $x = -30$

13)  $0 = 0$ , all real #'s

20) no solution

27)  $x = 4$  and  $-2$

7)  $x = 4$  and  $-4$

14)  $a = -2$

21) no solution

28)  $x = 12$  and  $-2$

## Solving Inequalities

Be able to:

- Graph inequalities on a number line
- Use the additive and multiplicative properties of equality to solve inequalities
- Recognize that you must reverse the inequality symbol when you multiply or divide both sides of an inequality by a negative number

Solve

1)  $3y + 5 < 26$

2)  $2w + 1 < 7$

3) Graph:  $x \leq -6$

4) Solve and graph the inequality:  $-5 \leq w - 3$

5) Solve and graph solution:  $-3c < -18$

6) Write an inequality that represents each verbal expression:  $c$  is greater than 21.7) Write an inequality that represents each verbal expression:  $z$  is less than or equal to  $-5$ .

8) Graph on a number line:  $x < 6$

9) Solve and graph:  $-x \geq 5$

10) Solve and graph:  $2x - 3(x - 5) > 10$

11) Solve and graph:  $2x + 5 \leq 4x + 1$

12) Solve:  $-2y - 6 - y > 15$

13) Solve:  $6m - 5m + 2 \geq 11$

14) Solve:  $2(c - 3) - 2c > 0$

15) Solve:  $-3t + 1 \geq -3(t + 2)$

16) Solve:  $4 \leq \frac{-2}{5}y$

17) Solve:  $\frac{x}{4} > -1$

ANSWERS for Unit C

1)  $y < 7$

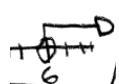
2)  $w < 3$



4)  $-2 \leq w$



5)  $c > 6$

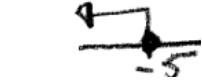


6)  $c > 21$

7)  $z \leq -5$



9)  $x \leq -5$



10)  $x < 5$



11)  $2 \leq x$



12)  $y < -7$

13)  $y \leq -7$

14)  $m \geq 9$

15) All real #s

16)  $-10 \geq y$

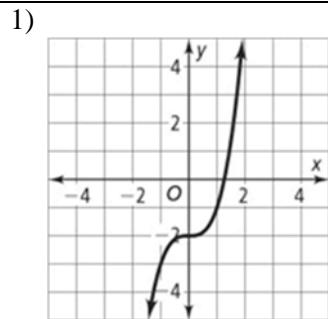
17)  $x > -4$

## Functions

Be able to:

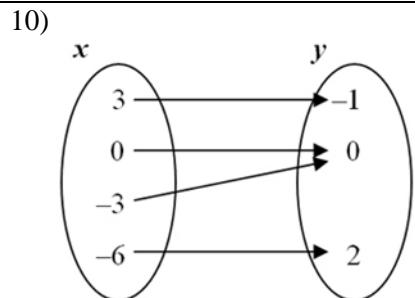
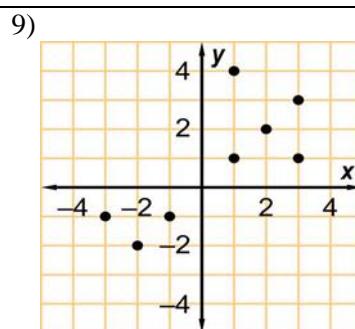
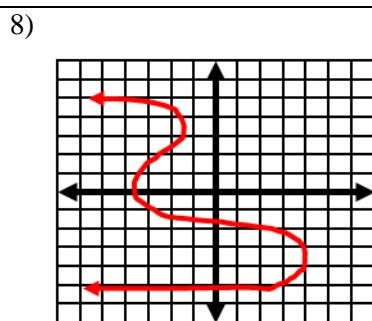
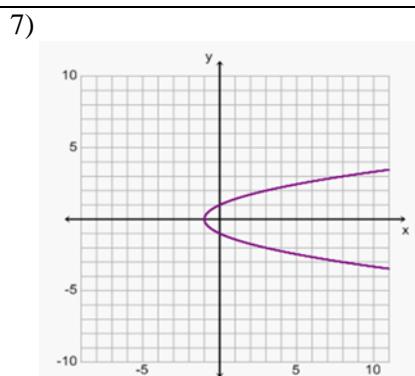
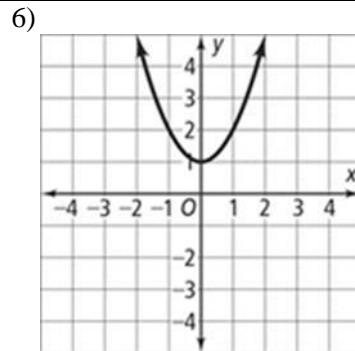
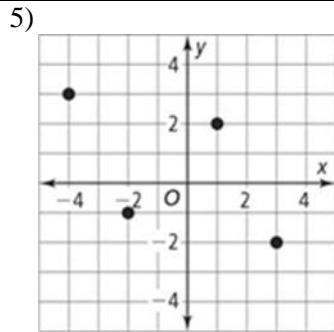
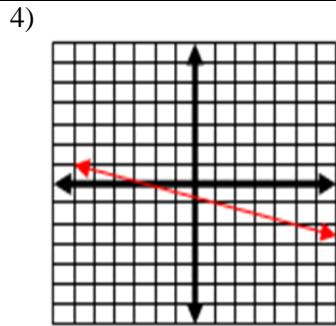
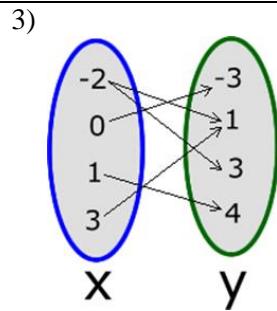
- Graph points on the coordinate plane
- Identify the coordinates of a point
- Determine whether a relation is a function (from a map, graph, table or list of coordinates)
- Find domain and range of a given relation

Choose the relations that **are** functions:

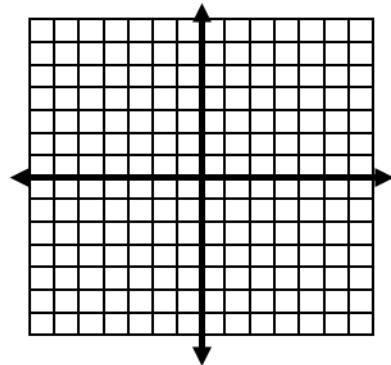


2)

x	y
0	0
1	2
2	-4
3	7



- 11) Graph and Label each point on the graph at right:
- A(3, -2)  
B(0, 4)  
C(-6, 0)  
D(-3, -5)  
E(4, 4)  
F(-1, 6)



<p>12) State the coordinates for each point.</p> <p>G: _____ H: _____ J: _____ K: _____ L: _____</p>	<p>13) Complete the table for the given function.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="840 270 1367 481"> <thead> <tr> <th><math>x</math></th> <th><math>y = 3x+1</math></th> <th><math>y</math></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>-2</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>-1</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	$x$	$y = 3x+1$	$y$	-2			-1			0			1			2		
$x$	$y = 3x+1$	$y$																	
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-1																			
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2																			
<p>ANSWERS for Unit D</p> <p>1) Function 2) Function 3) Not a function 4) Function 5) Function 6) Function 7) Not a function 8) Not a function 9) Not a function 10) Function</p>	<p>11)</p> <p>12) G(2, 6) H(1, 0) J(5, -6) K(0, -4) L(-6, 2)</p> <p>13)</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1052 644 1444 855"> <thead> <tr> <th><math>x</math></th> <th><math>y = 3x+1</math></th> <th><math>y</math></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>-2</td> <td></td> <td>-5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>-1</td> <td></td> <td>-2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td>7</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	$x$	$y = 3x+1$	$y$	-2		-5	-1		-2	0		1	1		4	2		7
$x$	$y = 3x+1$	$y$																	
-2		-5																	
-1		-2																	
0		1																	
1		4																	
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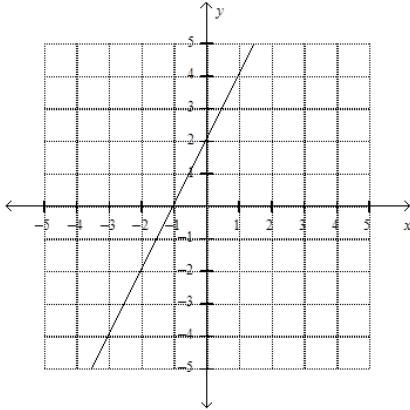
### Linear Equations & Inequalities and Their Graphs

Be able to:

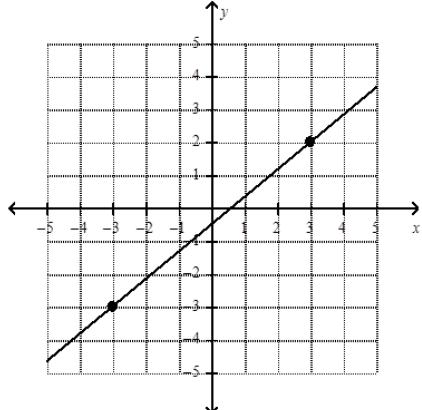
- Find rate of change (slope) from a table.
- Calculate the slope of a line, given two points or the graph of a line
- Recognize that a line with a positive slope rises to the right, while a line with a negative slope falls to the right
- Find the slope of a horizontal or vertical line
- Graph a line in slope-intercept form, using the y-intercept and the slope
- Graph a line in standard form, using the x-intercept and y-intercept
- Write an equation of a line in slope-intercept form, given the slope and y – intercept, or two points
- Write the equation of a line, given its graph
- Recognize whether a given pair of lines are parallel or perpendicular or neither
- Write the equation of a line, given one point and the equation of a parallel or perpendicular line
- Write linear equations to model and solve real-world applications
- Graph linear inequalities, recognizing that the graph is a shaded region of the coordinate plane and that  $<$  and  $>$  require a dashed boundary line, while  $\leq$  and  $\geq$  require a solid boundary line

<p>1) What is the <math>y</math>-intercept of <math>y = \frac{1}{3}x - 7</math>?</p>	<p>2) What are the <math>x</math>- and <math>y</math>-intercepts of <math>3x - 7y = 12</math>?</p>	<p>3) Find the slope of the line that passes through the points (2, 7) and (-2, 5)</p>
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- 4) Find the slope of the line.



- 5) Find the equation of the line.



- 6) Write an equation for the line through the point  $(4, -1)$  with

$$\text{slope} = \frac{-1}{3}.$$

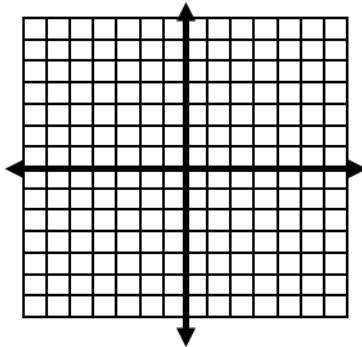
- 7) What is the  $y$ -intercept of  $7x - 3y = 6$ ?

- 8) Find the slope of the line containing the points  $(-2, 3)$  and  $(0, 8)$ .

Graph the following linear equations on graph at the right.

9)  $y = 1$

10)  $2x - 4y = 8$

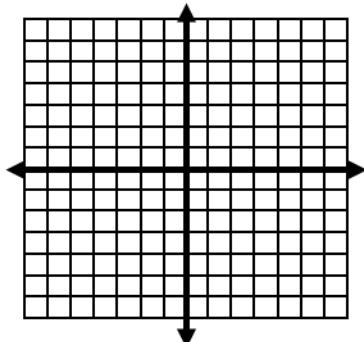


- 11) State the slope of  $y = -2x + 12$ .

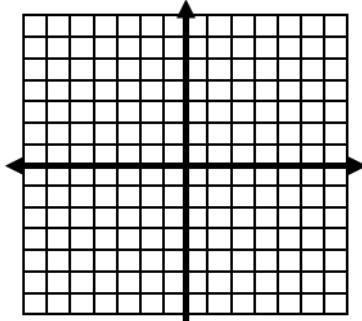
- 12) Write the equation of the line in slope-intercept form with slope  $= \frac{1}{4}$  and  $y$ -intercept of  $(0, 3)$ .

- 13) What is the slope of the line defined by  $x = 2$ ?

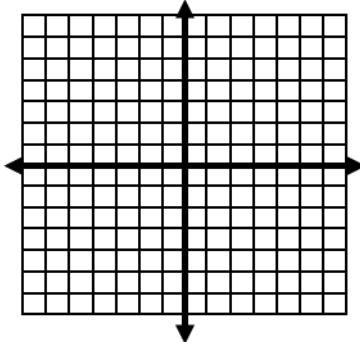
- 14) State the slope and  $y$ -intercept of  $y = \frac{1}{3}x - 4$ . Graph the line.



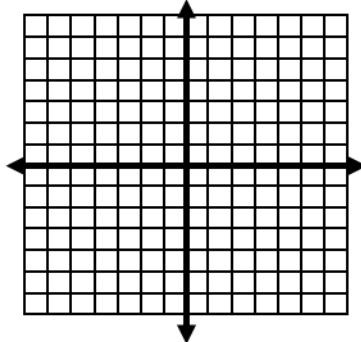
- 15) Graph:  $y = \frac{-1}{2}x - 5$



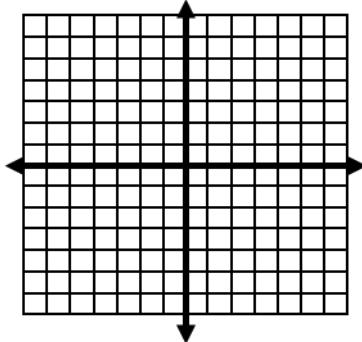
- 16) Graph:  $y = \frac{5}{3}x - 2$



- 17) Graph:  $y > \frac{-1}{3}x + 4$



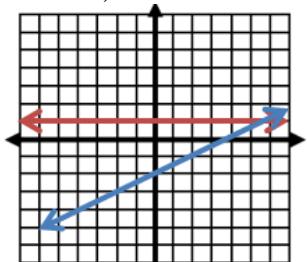
- 18) Graph:  $y \leq 2x + 1$



ANSWERS for Unit E

- 1)  $(0, -7)$
- 2)  $x\text{-int}(4, 0)$   
 $y\text{-int}\left(0, \frac{12}{-7}\right)$
- 3)  $m = \frac{1}{2}$
- 4)  $m = 2$
- 5)  $(y-2) = \frac{5}{6}(x-3)$   
or  $y = \frac{5}{6}x - \frac{1}{2}$
- 6)  $(y+1) = \frac{-1}{3}(x-4)$   
or  $y = \frac{-1}{3}x + \frac{1}{3}$
- 7)  $(0, -2)$
- 8)  $m = \frac{5}{2}$

9 and 10)

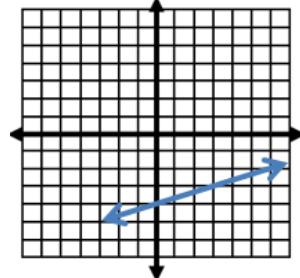


11)  $m = -2$

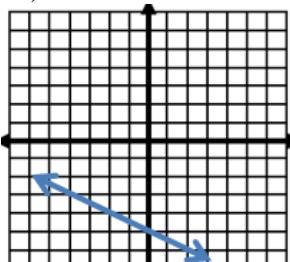
12)  $y = \frac{-1}{4}x + 3$

13) undefined

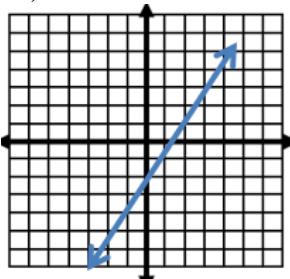
14)  $m = \frac{1}{3}, (0, -4)$



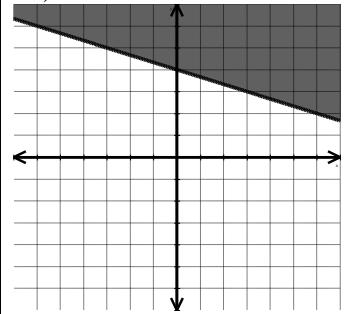
15)



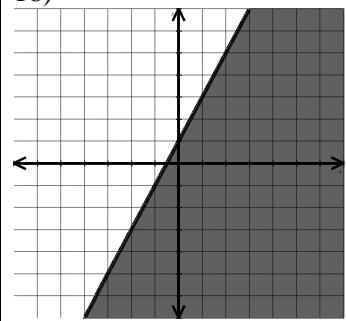
16)



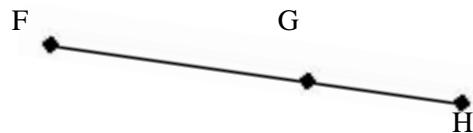
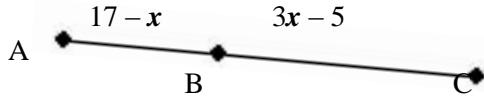
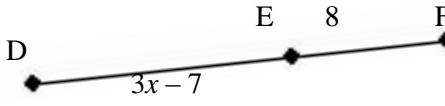
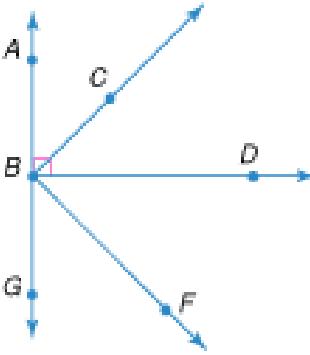
17)



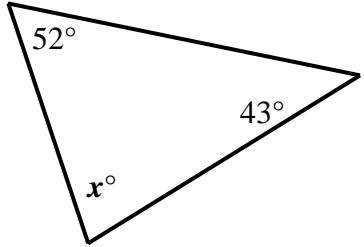
18)



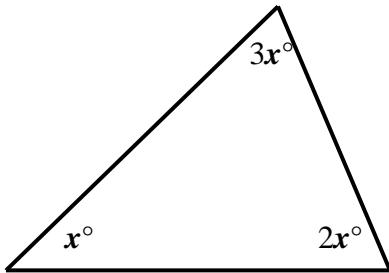
- Students will define line segments, and will apply algebraic logic to solve for segments
- Students will recognize angle pairs, and will use properties of angle pairs
- Students will solve for missing angles in triangles

<p>1) Find the value of <math>x</math> and <math>LN</math> if <math>M</math> is between <math>L</math> and <math>N</math>. <math>LM = 3x = 27</math> and <math>MN = 5x</math>.</p>	
<p>2) Find the value of <math>x</math> and <math>GH</math> if <math>G</math> is between <math>F</math> and <math>H</math>. <math>FG = 2x - 5</math>  <math>GH = 3x + 5</math>  <math>FH = 55</math></p>	
<p>3) Find the value of <math>x</math> and <math>PR</math> if <math>PQ = 56</math>.</p> <p></p>	<p>4) Find the value of <math>x</math> and <math>RT</math> if <math>RS = 40</math>.</p> <p></p>
<p>5) Find the value of <math>x</math> and <math>BC</math> if <math>AC = 26</math></p> <p></p>	<p>6) Find the value of <math>x</math> and <math>DE</math> if <math>DF = 5x - 13</math></p> <p></p>
<p>7) Use the figure to the right:</p> <p>A) Name an angle supplementary to <math>\angle ABC</math>.</p> <p>B) Name an angle complementary to <math>\angle ABC</math>.</p>	

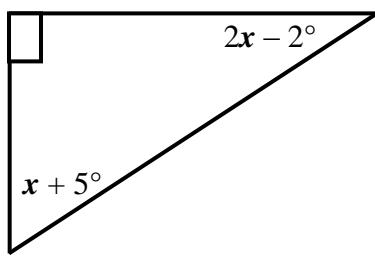
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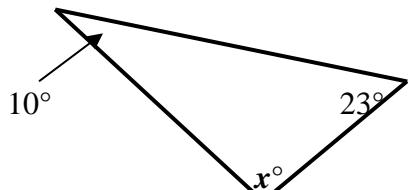
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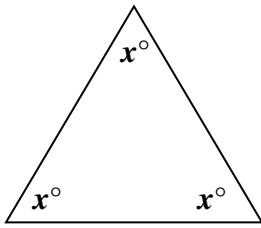
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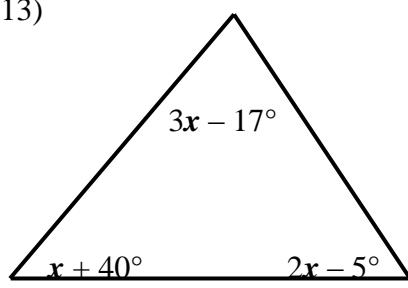
11)



12)



13)



## ANSWERS:

1) $x = 9$ ; $LN = 72$	8) $x = 85^\circ$
2) $x = 11$ ; $GH = 38$	9) $x = 30^\circ$
3) $x = 8$ ; $PR = 80$	10) $x = 29^\circ$
4) $x = 7$ ; $RT = 19$	11) $x = 147^\circ$
5) $x = 7$ ; $BC = 16$	12) $x = 60^\circ$
6) $x = 7$ ; $DE = 14$	13) $x = 27^\circ$
7A) $\angle CBG$ 7B) $\angle CBD$	